Your Colonoscopy and Gastroscopy

Information

Your Appointment is on: _____________ _____________ at: _____________ _____________

For safe and effective screening of your colon, esophagus, stomach and duodenum, they must be completely empty on the day of your procedure. This document provides a step-by-step guide on how to prepare for your appointment.

Background:

A colonoscopy is a procedure used to diagnose diseases like colon cancer, colitis and diverticulosis and to identify polyps. A colonscope, a thin, flexible tube, is passed through the rectum into the colon to allow the doctor to look at the whole colon and the lower part of the small intestine. A small video camera is attached to the colonscope so that pictures or video of the large intestine can be taken. If any abnormality is found, a biopsy or polyp removal (polypectomy) may be performed.

A gastroscopy is a procedure used to examine the esophagus, stomach and duodenum. The gastroscope is a thin, flexible tube, passed through the mouth into the esophagus, where biopsies of any abnormalities can be taken.

Our professional staff is here to make you as comfortable as possible during your procedure. Please follow these instructions carefully to ensure the highest level of safety and effectiveness. If you have any concerns before your appointment, please call the Clinic.

Important things to know in advance:

» If you choose to have sedation, YOU CANNOT DRIVE UNTIL THE NEXT DAY.
  » All patients taking sedation must arrange a ride home.
  » Once you have an appointment, purchase a package of Dulcolax (5 mg) and a package of PEG Polyethylene Glycol from your pharmacy. See detailed instructions (Getting Ready) on page 2.
  » Please make sure you DO NOT drink anything for at least 4 hours before your procedure time.
  » Purchase Gravol 50mg (to prevent nausea)

Medical conditions and use of prescription drugs:

You must consult your physician or specialist before your procedure if you have certain medical conditions or if you are taking some prescription medications:

» Kidney and heart disease. Ask your physician or cardiologist if you can take PEG Polyethylene Glycol. If you can’t, there are alternatives available. Contact the Clinic for more information.

» Diabetes: If you are insulin dependant, consult your physician regarding your insulin requirements. If you are on oral medication, continue to take your medication and take one tin of diabetic Ensure or Glucerna at mealtime during your preparation. Be sure to make a morning appointment.

» Blood thinners such as Coumadin, Pradaxa, Pradax etc. Ask your physician or Cardiologist when you should stop taking these medications prior to your procedure.
  » If you have been taking Coumadin, you must have an INR blood test a day before your procedure. Please ensure those lab results are faxed or emailed to our clinic, or bring them with you.

Understanding the risks:

» A Colonoscopy is a potentially lifesaving procedure but, as with any invasive procedure, there are potential risks. Bleeding and bowel perforation requiring treatment rarely occurs.

» There is a small risk of aspiration with the Gastroscopy procedure, which is significantly reduced by making sure you do not eat or drink anything 4 hours prior to the procedure. Perforation and bleeding are extremely rare.

» When you go home, if you have any symptoms that cause you concern, please call the Clinic. If the Clinic is closed, please go to your local emergency department immediately.

Cancellations:

To avoid a $200 cancellation fee, you must advise us a minimum of 3 business days in advance of your procedure.
### Getting Ready with PEG Polyethylene Glycol

#### 7 days before your procedure:
- If you are taking any of the medications listed below, you must stop taking them 7 days before your procedure:
  - Iron pills or anything containing iron
  - Ticlid (Ticlopidine) or Plavix (Clopidogrel)

**BLOOD THINNER REMINDER:** As noted on page 1, if you are on blood thinners, ask your cardiologist when (or if) you should stop taking this medication before your procedure.

#### 5 days before your procedure:
- DO NOT eat nuts, oats, grapes, berries, multigrain or corn breads and any foods containing seeds
- Purchase a package of Dulcolax and a package of PEG Polyethylene Glycol from your pharmacy (if you haven’t already)
- Don’t forget to arrange for someone to pick you up and drive you home after your appointment

#### 2 days before your procedure:
- Take 2 tablets of Dulcolax 5mg (10 mg in total) with your breakfast

#### 1 day before your procedure:
**Morning procedure (before 1 pm)**
- No solid food ALL DAY
- Consume only clear fluids — broth/consommé, Ensure (vanilla only), apple juice, Sprite, ginger ale, black coffee, tea without milk. You can also have Jell-O (no red or purple colours)
- If you are diabetic, take Glucerna at breakfast and lunch
- DULCOLAX
  - Take 2 more tablets of Dulcolax 5mg (10 mg in total) at noon
- PEG Polyethylene Glycol
  - Drink 4 litres of PEG Polyethylene Glycol
  - Drink the first 2 litres at 5pm
  - Drink the second 2 litres at 10pm

**Afternoon procedure (after 1 pm)**
- No solid food ALL DAY
- Consume only clear fluids — broth/consommé, Ensure (vanilla only), apple juice, Sprite, ginger ale, black coffee, tea without milk. You can also have Jell-O (no red or purple colours)
- If you are diabetic, take Glucerna at breakfast and lunch
- DULCOLAX
  - Take 2 tablets of Dulcolax 5mg (10 mg in total) at noon
- PEG Polyethylene Glycol
  - Drink two 4 litres of PEG Polyethylene Glycol
  - Drink the 2 litres at 7pm

#### The day of your procedure:
- PEG Polyethylene Glycol
  - No more required
- Please make sure you do not drink anything for at least 4 hours before your procedure time.
- If you are on prescription blood pressure or heart medications, you can take them in the morning.
- Do not chew gum on the day of your procedure.
- Arrive on time and wear comfortable, loose-fitting clothing.
- You should be ready to be picked up approximately 90 minutes from the time you are taken in to start the procedure.

#### After your procedure:
- You will be able to resume your normal diet one hour after the Colonoscopy unless you are instructed otherwise.